# ПУБЛИКАЦИИ ОСНОВНЫХ РЕЗУЛЬТАТОВ НАУЧНОЙ ДЕЯТЕЛЬНОСТИ СОТРУДНИКОВ ЮРИДИЧЕСКОГО ФАКУЛЬТЕТА В РЕЙТИНГОВЫХ ЖУРНАЛАХ, ИНДЕКСИРУЕМЫХ В БАЗАХ ДАННЫХ WEB OF SCIENCE / SCOPUS ЗА ПЕРИОД С 2017 ПО 2020 гг.

1. Fondahl G., Filippova V., Savvinova A., Ivanova A., Stammler F., Hoogensen Gjørv G. Niches of agency: managing state-region relations through law in Russia // Space and Polity. – 2019. – Vol. 23. – P. 49-66. DOI: 10.1080/13562576.2019.1594752 База данных: Scopus/Web of Science. Квартиль: Q1.

Аннотация:

State-region relations involve negotiations over the power to (re)-constitute local spaces. While in federal states, power-sharing ostensibly gives regions a role over many space-making decisions, power asymmetries affect this role. Where centralization trends may erode regional agency, law can provide an important tool by which regions can assert influence. We examine a case where, in response to a proposed Russian federal law highly unpopular with a regional population, the region's government sought to ameliorate its potential impacts by using opportunities to co-produce the law, amending regional legislation, and strategically implementing other federal and regional laws to protect its territory.

2. Huntington H.P., Carey M., Apok C., Forbes B.C., Fox S., Holm L.K., Ivanova A., Jaypoody J., Noongwook G., Stammler F. Climate change in context: putting people first in the Arctic // Regional Environmental Change. – 2019. – Vol. 19. – P. 1217-1223. DOI: 10.1007/s10113-019-01478-8. База данных: Scopus/Web of Science. Квартиль: Q2.

Аннотация:

Climate change is a major challenge to Arctic and other Indigenous peoples, but not the only and often not the most pressing one. We propose re-framing the treatment of climate change in policy and research, to make sure health, poverty, education, cultural vitality, equity, justice, and other topics highlighted by the people themselves and not just climate science also get the attention they deserve in research on global and regional environmental change. Climate change can often exacerbate other problems, but a singular focus on climate change—as is often the case in much existing environmental literature on the Arctic and elsewhere—can distract from actions that can be taken now to improve the lives of Arctic peoples. The same logic also applies elsewhere in the world, where diverse residents face a host of challenges, opportunities, and obstacles, with climate change but one among many issues. Our proposed approach to regional and global environmental change research draws on the ideas of decolonization, emphasizing collaborative approaches and Indigenous voices in research and policy instead of top-down measures designed outside the affected communities. Only in this way of contextualizing human-environmental experiences can the full effects of climate change be understood—and appropriate responses developed and carried out to adapt to global change.

3. Bolotaeva O.S., Stepanova A.A., Alekseeva S.S. The Legal Nature of Cryptocurrency // IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science. – 2019. – Vol. 272. DOI: 10.1088/1755-1315/272/3/032166. База данных: Scopus. Квартиль: Нет.

Аннотация:

State-region relations involve negotiations over the power to (re)-constitute local spaces. While in federal states, power-sharing ostensibly gives regions a role over many space-making decisions, power asymmetries affect this role. Where centralization trends may erode regional agency, law can provide an important tool by which regions can assert influence. We examine a case where, in response to a proposed Russian federal law highly unpopular with a regional population, the region's government sought to ameliorate its potential impacts by using opportunities to co-produce the law, amending regional legislation, and strategically implementing other federal and regional laws to protect its territory.