

## IX All-Russian Student Olympiad in Mathematics with International Participation

1. Find

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} t \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{k^2 + t^2}.$$

2. Let  $f(x) = 19^x - 13^x - 3^{2x} + 3^x$ . Find All real roots of the equation  $f(x) = 0$ .

3. Prove that for any continuous non-decreasing function  $g : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  inequality

$$\frac{1}{2024} \int_0^1 g(x) dx \leq \int_0^1 x^{2023} g(x) dx,$$

is true. Find all functions for which equality will be true.

4. Find

$$\int_L \frac{z^2}{z^3 - 1} dz,$$

where  $L$  – simple closed loop, such that  $|Re z| + |Im z| = 1$ .

5. A circle  $\omega_0$  of unit radius touches both branches of the parabola  $y^2 = px$ ,  $p > 0$ . Based on  $\omega_0$ , a sequence of circles  $\omega_k$  is constructed such that  $\omega_k$  externally touches the circle  $\omega_{k-1}$  and both branches of the parabola, or the vertex of the parabola. Find the smallest value of  $n$  for which the circle  $\omega_n$  touches the vertex of the parabola

6. All the numbers of  $\prod_{i=1}^k p_i^{m_i}$ , are written in ascending order, where  $p_i$  is distinct fixed prime numbers,  $m_i \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ . Let  $f_k(n)$  be a function that returns the  $n$ -th number on the board. Find the limit

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_k(n)^{n^{-1/k}}.$$

7. Let  $\{a_i\}_{i=1}^k$  be natural numbers so that  $1 \leq a_i \leq N$ . In addition, it is known that  $\sum_{i=1}^k \sqrt{a_i}$  is not an integer. Let us denote that  $\|x\|$  is the distance to the nearest integer. Prove that there is a constant  $c_k$  independent of  $N$  so that

$$\left\| \sum_{i=1}^k \sqrt{a_i} \right\| \geq c_k N^{1/2-2^{k-1}}.$$